Year 11 Curriculum Overview [2022-2023]
RE

Autumn Term	Knowledge & Understanding			Literacy Skills	Employability Skills	Assessment Opportunities
	Composites	**Components** **[KEY concepts & subject specific vocab]**	**Formal Retrieval** **[if any]**	**Opportunities for developing literacy skills**	**[if any]**	
Arguments for the Existence of God **Oct - Dec**	Revelation as proof of the existence of God: Visions as proof of the existence of God: Miracles as proof of the existence of God: Catholic attitudes towards religious experiences and its use as a philosophical argument for the existence of God: Design argument:	The significance of Jesus Christ as the culmination of God's revelation. The nature and importance of visions for Catholics; The nature and importance of miracles for Catholics. The nature of religious experience and why not all religious experiences are approved by the Church The classical design argument for the existence of God and its use by Catholics as a philosophical argument for the existence of God.	Do now's MCQs: Arguments for the existence of God x2	Oral skills Extended answers to questioning, debate Read and evaluate key text RE Skills in answers through extended writing opportunities	Communication skills Public Speaking Skills Questioning and critical thinking skills Critical reflection Integrity and accountability Intellectual curiosity Resilience	Formative – Exam question Summative – End of unit assessment

	Cosmological argument:	The cosmological argument for the existence of God and its use by Catholics as a philosophical argument for the existence of God.				
	Issues raised by the existence of suffering and God as all-loving:	The issues it raises for Catholics about the nature of God, including Isaiah 45 and how the problem and its basis as a philosophical argument may lead some to examine and others to reject their belief in God.				
	The solutions offered to the problem of suffering and a loving and righteous God within Catholicism:	Biblical, theoretical and practical responses – Psalms, including reference to Psalm 119, Job, free will (St Augustine), as a way for humans to develop (St Irenaeus), prayer, and charity.				

Religious Teachings on Relationships and Families in the 21st Century	The importance and purpose of marriage for Catholics: Catholic teaching about the importance of sexual relationships: Catholic teaching about the purpose and importance of the family: Catholic teaching on family planning and the regulation of births: Catholic teaching about divorce, annulment and remarriage: Catholic teaching about the equality of men and women in the family: Catholic teachings about gender prejudice and discrimination:	The significance of marriage in Catholic life. Catholic teaching about sexual relationships as marital, unitive and procreative and Catholic teaching on sexual relationships outside of marriage and homosexuality. The purpose and importance of the family. Procreation and security and education of children. Catholic teaching about artificial contraception and natural family planning, including reference to Humanae Vitae. Catholic teaching on divorce, annulment and remarriage, Catholic teaching about the role of men and women in the family with reference to. Catholic opposition to gender prejudice and discrimination, including theology of the body.	Do now's MCQs – Relationships and the Family	Oral skills Extended answers to questioning, debate Read and evaluate key text RE Skills in answers through extended writing opportunities Tier two Adultery Contraception Faithfulness Homosexuality Pre-Marital Sex Procreation Promiscuity Tier three Civil Partnership Re-Constituted Family Nuclear Family Cohabitation	Communication skills Public Speaking Skills Questioning and critical thinking skills Critical reflection Integrity and accountability Intellectual curiosity Resilience	Formative – Exam question Summative – End of unit assessment

Judaism Beliefs & Teachings **Sept - Oct**	The Almighty: The Shekhinah: The Messiah: The covenant at Sinai: The covenant with Abraham and his descendants: Sanctity of life: Moral principles and the Mitzvot: Jewish beliefs about life after death:	The nature of the Almighty; One, Creator, Law-Giver and Judge, The nature and importance of Shekhinah. The nature and purpose of the Messiah. The Covenant at Sinai: the nature and history of the Covenant at Sinai (the Ten Commandments), including Exodus 20. The covenant with Abraham and his descendants: the nature and history of the Abrahamic covenant; the role of Abraham in the covenant, including Genesis 17. Sanctity of life: the nature and importance of Pikuach Nefesh (primacy of life and why human life is holy by Jewish people. The nature and importance of the Mitzvot. Divergent Jewish understandings of the nature and significance of life after death, including reference to different forms of Orthodox and Reform Judaism.	Do now's MCQs – Judaism B & T	Oral skills Extended answers to questioning, debate Read and evaluate key text RE Skills in answers through extended writing opportunities **Judaism B & T** **Tier 2** Rabbi Circumcision Tier 3 Barachu Minyan Tenakh Torah Shema Talmud Tikkum Olam Teshiva Messiah Shavuot Teshuva Gan Eden Gehinnom Nevi'im Olam Ha-Ba Halakhah Mitzvot Covenant	Communication skills Public Speaking Skills Questioning and critical thinking skills Critical reflection Integrity and accountability Intellectual curiosity Resilience	Formative – Exam question Summative – End of unit assessment

Judaism Practices	Public acts of worship: The Tenakh and Talmud: Private prayer: The Shema and the Amidah: Ritual and ceremony: Shabbat: Festivals:	The nature and purpose of Jewish public acts of worship. The nature, features, purpose and significance of the Tenakh (the written law) and Talmud (the oral law) for Jews in daily life today, with reference to Perkei Avot 2. The nature and purpose of prayer in the home and of private prayer. The nature and importance of the Shema and the Amidah (the standing prayer). When the Shema and the Amidah might be used, how and why, including reference to the Mezuzah. The importance of ritual for Jews today. The nature, features and purpose of the birth, marriage, Bar and Bat Mitzvah ceremonies. The nature, purpose and importance of mourning ceremonies. The distinct importance of the funeral, shiva, avelut and yahrzeit for Jews today. The nature, features, history and purpose of celebrating Shabbat. Jewish festivals: the nature, history, purpose and significance of Jewish festivals. The origins and meaning of specific	Do now's MCQs – Judaism Practices	**Judaism Practices** **Tier 2** **Tier 3** Kaddish Kedusha Kiddush Siddur Mezuzah Tallit Tefillin Mikvah Havdalah Bimah Yad Days of Awe Shofar Chametz Haggadah Leaven Challah Seder Aron Kodesh	Communication skills Public Speaking Skills Questioning and critical thinking skills Critical reflection Integrity and accountability Intellectual curiosity Resilience	Formative – Exam question Summative – End of unit assessment

	Features of synagogue:	festivals, including Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur, Pesach, Shavuot and Sukkot. The nature, history and purpose of the different design of the synagogues in Liberal, Reform and Orthodox Judaism.				

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Catholic Christianity Beliefs & Teachings **Jan - Mar**	The Trinity Biblical understanding of God as the Trinity Creation The nature of humanity The Incarnation	The nature and significance of the Trinity as expressed in the Nicene Creed and the nature and significance of the oneness of God. The Nature and significance of God as the Trinity of Persons, including reference to the Baptism of Jesus (Matthew 3: 13-17). The nature and significance of the biblical account of Creation, including Genesis 1–3. The nature and significance of the nature of humanity being created in the image of God, including reference to Genesis 1–3. Jesus as incarnate Son, the divine Word, including John 1, both fully God and fully human.	Do now's MCQ1: Beliefs & Teachings x2 Year 7 – Nature of God Year 7 – Jesus Year 7 – Holy Spirit	**Tier 2** Evaluate Assess Investigate Analyse Interpretation Significance Formulate Evidence Identify Explain **Tier 3** Catechism Creed Magisterium Nicene Creed Sacraments Adoptionism Arianism Church Council Heresy Benevolent Big Bang Evolution Ex nihilo Omnipotent Original sin Atheist Dominion Encyclical Free will	Communication skills Public Speaking Skills Questioning and critical thinking skills Critical reflection Integrity and accountability Intellectual curiosity Resilience	Formative – Exam question Summative – End of unit assessment

	The events of the Paschal mystery The nature of salvation and grace Eschatology	Catholic teachings about the life, death, resurrection and ascension of Jesus, including reference to Luke 24. The significance of the life, death, resurrection and ascension of Jesus for Catholic beliefs about salvation and grace. Life after death. The nature of resurrection, judgment, heaven, hell and purgatory.		Humanism Self-knowledge Stewardship Incarnation Salvation Theological Virgin birth Paschal Paschal mystery Redemptive efficacy Sanhedrin Charisms Grace Original sin Sin Eschatology Heaven Hell Immortality of the soul Purgatory Resurrection		

Catholic Christianity Practices	The Sacraments Catholic Liturgical Worship Catholic Funeral Rite Prayer Forms of popular piety Pilgrimage	Catholic teachings about how the whole of creation manifests the presence of God. The meaning and effects of each of the seven sacraments, including Catechism of the Catholic Church 1210–1211. The nature and significance for the Mass for Catholics, including its structure and the Eucharist as the 'source and summit of Catholic life'. Practices associated with the funeral rite in the home, the church and the cemetery. The aim of the funeral rite including communion with the deceased. The nature and significance of different types of prayer. The Lord's Prayer, including Matthew 6:5–14, set (formulaic) prayers and informal (extempore) prayer. The nature and significance of the Rosary, Eucharistic adoration and Stations of the Cross. The nature, history and purpose of Catholic pilgrimage. The significance of the places people go on pilgrimage.	Do now's MCQ2: Practices x2 Year 7 – Prayer Year 8 – Pilgrimage Incarnation Pascal Mystery	**Tier 2** Evaluate Assess Investigate Analyse Interpretation Significance Formulate Evidence Identify Explain **Tier 3** Chrism Grace Lay ministries Sacraments Contrition Penance Absolution Viaticum Hosts Lectionary Liturgy Liturgical year Nonconformists Penitential Rite Tabernacle Transubstantiation Committal Eulogy Requiem Mass Vigil Adoration Confession Contemplation Meditation Supplication/ intercession Ciborium Holy hour Monstrance A rosary The Rosary	Communication skills Public Speaking Skills Questioning and critical thinking skills Critical reflection Integrity and accountability Intellectual curiosity Resilience	Formative – Exam question Summative – End of unit assessment

	Catholic Social Teaching Catholic Mission and Evangelism	How Catholic Social Teaching reflects the teaching to show love of neighbour. Catholic teaching on justice, peace and reconciliation. The work of CAFOD, what it does and why. The history and significance of mission and evangelism for Catholics.		Tabernacle Cenacle Papal basilica Relic Venerated Via Dolorosa Cardinal virtues Encyclical LEDC Reconciliation Vocation Alpha Catechetical programmes Colonisation Evangelisation Great Commission		

Catholic Christianity Sources of Wisdom and Authority	The Bible Interpretation of the Bible The Magisterium The Second Vatican Council The Church as the Body of Christ	The development and structure of the Bible as the revealed Word of God. The origins, structure and different literary forms of the Bible: Old Testament: law, history, prophets, writings; and New Testament: gospels, letters; Catholic interpretation of the Bible and understanding of the meaning of inspiration. Divergent interpretations of the authority of the Bible within Christianity. The meaning, function and importance of the magisterium both conciliar and pontifical. The nature, history and importance of the council. The nature and significance of the four key documents for the Church and for Catholic living: Dei Verbum, Lumen Gentium, Sacrosanctum Concilium and Gaudium et Spes. The nature and significance of the Church as the Body of Christ and the People of God. Why the Church as the Body of Christ and the People of God is important for Catholics today.	Do now's MCQ3: Sources of Wisdom & Authority x2 Year 7 – The bible Year 7 – Mary Year 9 – Crime and Punishment Pilgrimage	Tier 2 Evaluate Assess Investigate Analyse Interpretation Significance Formulate Evidence Identify Explain **Tier 3** Apocalyptic Decalogue Septuagint Tenakh Torah Vulgate Catechism Conservative Fundamentalist Lectio Divina Liberal Magisterium Apostolic Succession Apostolic Tradition Assumption Conciliar magisterium Papal infallibility Pontifical Common priesthood Laity Sacramental priesthood Separated brethren Vernacular Ecumenical Movement Orthodox Churches Patriarch Apostolic Succession Apostolic Tradition Catechism Catholic Creed	Communication skills Public Speaking Skills Questioning and critical thinking skills Critical reflection Integrity and accountability Intellectual curiosity Resilience	Formative – Exam question Summative – End of unit assessment

	The Four Marks of the Church	The nature of the Church as one, holy, catholic and apostolic including reference to the Nicene Creed and the First Council of Constantinople.		Annunciation		
	Mary as a model of the Church	The significance of Mary as a model of the Church – joined with Christ in the work of salvation, as a model of discipleship and as a model of faith and charity.				
	Personal and Ethical Decision Making	The example and teaching of Jesus as the authoritative source for moral teaching.				

Catholic Christianity Forms of Expression and Ways of Life	Forms of architecture, design and decoration of Catholic churches Internal Features of the Catholic Church Sacred Objects Catholic paintings, frescos and drawings Catholic sculpture and statues. Symbolism and imagery in religious art.	How forms of architecture, design and decoration reflect belief, are used in, and contribute to, worship. The different internal features of the Catholic Church. The meaning and significance of the lectern, alter, crucifix and tabernacle and how they express the importance of redemption and facilitate Catholic worship. The meaning and significance of sacred objects, including sacred vessels, sarcophagi, and hunger cloths within Catholicism. The meaning and significance of paintings, fresco and drawings within Catholicism. The divergent ways these are used to express belief by the artist and those who observe the art. The meaning and significance of sculpture and statues. The way these are used to express belief by the artist and those who observe the art, the way these are used to express belief. The purpose and use of symbolism and imagery in religious art. The cross, crucifix, fish, Chi Rho, dove.	Do now's MCQ4: Art & Architecture x2 Trinity, Creation, Incarnation, Paschal Mystery and Eschatology. Liturgical worship, prayer and popular piety	**Tier 2** Evaluate Assess Investigate Analyse Interpretation Significance Formulate Evidence Identify Explain **Tier 3** Blessed Sacrament Lectern Nave Sanctuary Tabernacle Altar Consecrated hosts Crucifix Lectern Transubstantiation Chalice Ciborium Paten Rood screen Sarcophagus Stoup Vestments Fresco Friar Halo Icon Secular Intercede Keys to the kingdom Madonna Patronal Votive Candle Alpha Chi-Rho Evangelist	Communication skills Public Speaking Skills Questioning and critical thinking skills Critical reflection Integrity and accountability Intellectual curiosity Resilience	Formative – Exam question Summative – End of unit assessment

	The meaning and significance of Catholic drama. Catholic music	The meaning and significance of drama: mystery plays, passion plays. The way drama is used to express belief. The nature and use of traditional and contemporary styles of music in worship: hymns, plainchant, psalms and worship songs.		Omega Paschal Assumption Atonement Coronation of Mary Medieval Veneration of the Cross Antiphonal Canticle Doxology Plainchant Responsorial Plainchant		

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Subject RE

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Exam Revision						